

PC 6-1 Inverse Trigonometry Practice

The easy inverse trig problems.....find the exact value of each.

1. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$	2. $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$	3. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$	4. $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$
5. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$	6. $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$	7. $\tan^{-1}(\sqrt{3})$	8. $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)$

9. What was it about the problems above that were easy? What was it about them that was hard?

The medium inverse trig problems.....find the exact value of each.

10. $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$	11. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$	12. $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$	13. $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$
14. $\cos^{-1}(1)$	15. $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$	16. $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$	17. $\tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)$
18. $\tan^{-1}(-\sqrt{3})$	19. $\tan^{-1}(-1)$	20. $\tan^{-1}(0)$	21. $\cos^{-1}(-0)$

22. What was it about the problems above that were a little more difficult?

The harder inverse trig problems.....find the exact value of each.

23. $\cos^{-1}(\sin(30^\circ))$	24. $\sin^{-1}\left(\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)\right)$	25. $\cos^{-1}\left(\sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{6}\right)\right)$
26. $\cos^{-1}\left(\sin\frac{-\pi}{6}\right)$	27. $\sin\left(\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)$	28. $\cos\left(\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\right)$

The rest of the problems are the trickiest, but very manageable when you've got the basics down.

29. $\sec(3 \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{2})$

30. $\csc(4 \tan^{-1} \sqrt{3})$

31. $\tan^{-1}(\tan \frac{5\pi}{6})$

Not bad if you've gotten this far....but there are more tricks to know....keep going!!!

32. Given $\theta = \cos^{-1}(-\frac{1}{3})$, draw a reference triangle.

33. Given $\theta = \tan^{-1}(-4)$, draw a reference triangle.

34. Find $\tan(\cos^{-1} \frac{2}{3})$

35. Find $6 \sec(\sin^{-1} -\frac{1}{3})$

36. Find $10 \cot(\sin^{-1} -\frac{4}{5}) + 20 \csc(\cos^{-1} -\frac{3}{5})$