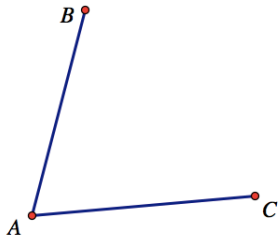
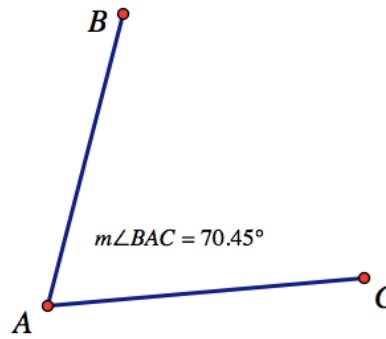


G 3-2A. I can use theorems, postulates, or definitions about lines and angles.

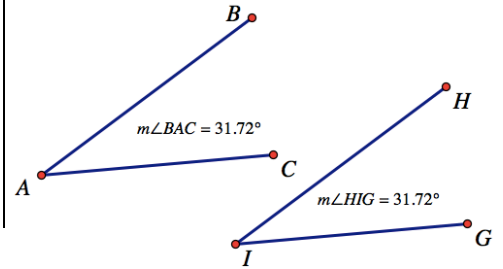
An **Angle** represents the space between two connected lines, line segments, or rays.



Angles have measure in **degrees**.

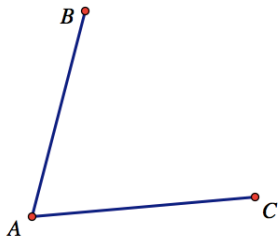


If two **angles** have the same **measurement**, then we say the **angles are congruent**.

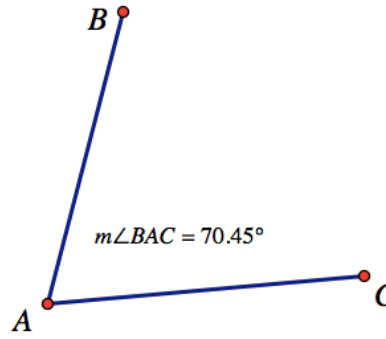


G 3-2A. I can use theorems, postulates, or definitions about lines and angles.

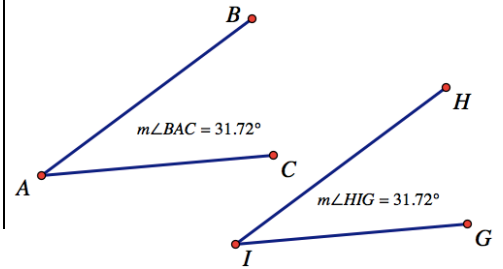
An **Angle** represents the space between two connected lines, line segments, or rays.



Angles have measure in **degrees**.

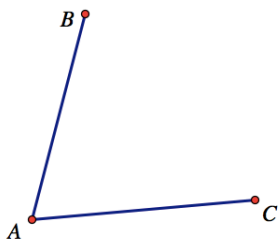


If two **angles** have the same **measurement**, then we say the **angles are congruent**.

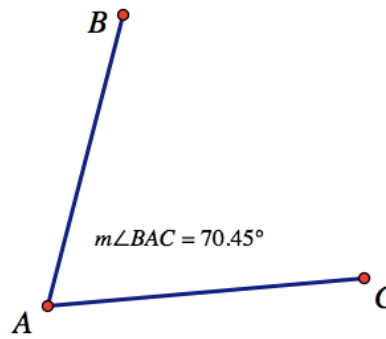


G 3-2A. I can use theorems, postulates, or definitions about lines and angles.

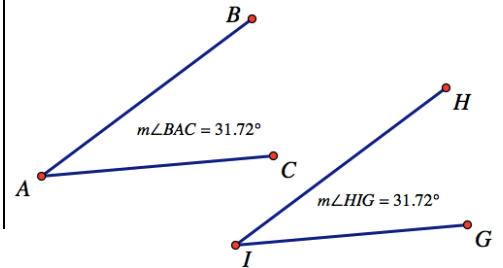
An **Angle** represents the space between two connected lines, line segments, or rays.



Angles have measure in **degrees**.

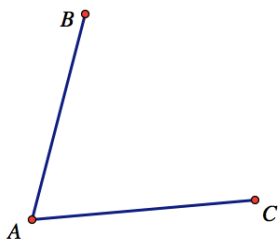


If two **angles** have the same **measurement**, then we say the **angles are congruent**.

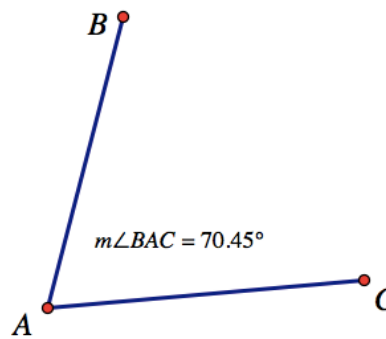


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If two **angles** have the same **measurement**, then we say the **angles are congruent**.

